



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS

ISSUED WEEKLY

BY THE UNITED STATES
PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

VOLUME 35 :: NUMBER 9

FEBRUARY 27 - 1920

SPECIAL ARTICLES

Influenza—Prevalence in the United States

Water-Borne Typhoid Fever Outbreak in Tonawanda, N. Y.

Cleansing of the Skin in Vaccination



WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1920

UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE.

RUPERT BLUE, *Surgeon General.*

DIVISION OF SANITARY REPORTS AND STATISTICS.

Asst. Surg. Gen. B. S. WARREN, *Chief of Division.*

The PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS are issued weekly by the United States Public Health Service through its Division of Sanitary Reports and Statistics, pursuant to acts of Congress approved February 15, 1893, and August 14, 1912.

They contain: (1) Current information of the prevalence and geographic distribution of preventable diseases in the United States in so far as data are obtainable, and of cholera, plague, smallpox, typhus fever, yellow fever, and other communicable diseases throughout the world. (2) Articles relating to the cause, prevention, or control of disease. (3) Other pertinent information regarding sanitation and the conservation of the public health.

The PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS are intended primarily for distribution to health officers, members of boards or departments of health, and those directly or indirectly engaged in or connected with public health or sanitary work. Articles of general or special interest are issued as reprints from the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS or as supplements, and in these forms are available for general distribution to those desiring them.

Requests for and communications regarding the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS, reprints, or supplements should be addressed to the Surgeon General, United States Public Health Service, Washington, D. C.

II

ADDITIONAL COPIES
OF THIS PUBLICATION MAY BE PROCURED FROM
THE SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.
AT
5 CENTS PER COPY
SUBSCRIPTION PRICE, \$2 PER YEAR
▽

CONTENTS.

	Page.
Influenza—Prevalence in the United States.....	437
Ivy and sumac poisoning.....	443
A simple apparatus for obtaining blood specimens.....	459
Child health supervision.....	461
PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.	
United States:	
Current State summaries—	
Telegraphic reports for week ended February 21, 1920.....	464
Kentucky report for week ended February 14, 1920.....	468
Summary of cases reported monthly by States.....	469
Reciprocal notification—Minnesota, December, 1919.....	469
Actinomycosis—Illinois report for December, 1919.....	470
Anthrax—Philadelphia, Pa.—Week ended February 7, 1920.....	470
Cerebrospinal meningitis—	
State reports for December, 1919, and January, 1920.....	470
City reports for week ended February 7, 1920.....	471
Influenza—	
State reports for December, 1919, and January, 1920.....	471
City reports for weeks ended January 31 and February 7, 14, and 21, 1920.....	473
Leprosy—La Junta, Colo., and Omaha, Nebr.....	478
Lethargic encephalitis—California and Illinois.....	479
Malaria—	
State reports for December, 1919, and January, 1920.....	479
City reports for week ended February 7, 1920.....	480
Pellagra—	
State reports for December, 1919, and January, 1920.....	480
City reports for week ended February 7, 1920.....	480
Plague (rodent)—New Orleans, La.....	480
Pneumonia (all forms)—City reports for week ended February 7, 1920....	481
Poliomyelitis (infantile paralysis)—	
State reports for December, 1919, and January, 1920.....	483
Baltimore, Md., Bloomington, Ill., and Los Angeles, Calif.....	483
Rabies in man—Colorado report for December, 1919.....	483
Smallpox—	
State reports for December, 1919, and January, 1920—Vaccination histories.....	484
State reports for December, 1919, and January, 1920.....	488
City reports for week ended February 7, 1920.....	490
Vaccinations on Canadian border, 1920.....	490
Tetanus—City reports for week ended February 7, 1920.....	491
Typhoid fever—	
State reports for December, 1919, and January, 1920.....	491
City reports for week ended February 7, 1920.....	494
Typhus fever—Maryland report for January, 1920.....	494
Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis—City reports for week ended February 7, 1920.....	494

Foreign and insular:

Influenza on vessels—	Page.
Steamship Carrillo—Kingston, Jamaica.....	501
Steamship Melita—Plymouth, England.....	501
Steamship Roger de Luria—Santa Cruz de Tenerife.....	501
Azores—Quarantine against influenza—Ponta Delgada.....	501
Bulgaria—Typhus fever—Varna.....	501
Canary Islands—Further relative to influenza—Las Palmas.....	501
Cuba—Communicable diseases—Habana.....	502
Federated Malay States—1918—Influenza.....	502
Influenza—Reports received during week ended February 27, 1920.....	502
Cholera, plague, smallpox, typhus fever, and yellow fever—	
Reports received during week ended February 27, 1920—	
Cholera.....	503
Plague.....	503
Smallpox.....	504
Typhus fever.....	504
Yellow fever.....	505
Reports received from December 27, 1919, to February 20, 1920—	
Cholera.....	505
Plague.....	506
Smallpox.....	507
Typhus fever.....	509
Yellow fever.....	510